

Health-based Guidance for Manganese

Helen Goeden, Ph.D. | Senior Toxicologist/Risk Assessor January 22, 2020

Agenda

- Manganese (Mn)
 - What is it?
 - Why are we concerned?
- How is water guidance calculated?
- Basis of manganese water guidance
- Questions

Manganese (Mn) – What is it?

Naturally occurring element



Essential nutrient

Age	Adequate Intake (mg/day)	Upper Limit (mg/day)
0 - 6 mon	0.003	?
7 – 12 mon	0.6	?
1 – 8 yr	1 – 1.5	2 - 3
9 yr & over	1.6 – 2.3	6 - 11





OSHA.gov

At high levels: a neurotoxin "Manganism"

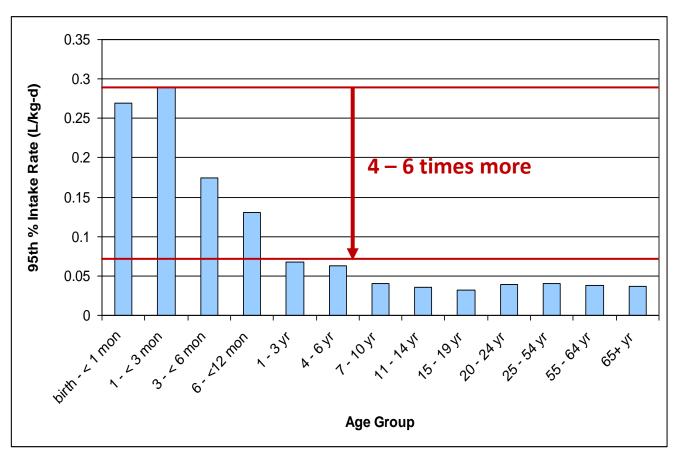
- We get enough from food & water
- More easily absorbed when in water

Manganese – Why are we concerned?

Babies are at greater risk

- Rapidly growing and developing
- Higher absorption but less able to get rid of Mn from the body
- Breastmilk levels are below 15 ppb
- Mn is added to formula
 (FDA set a minimum but no maximum level.
 Measured ~70 700 ppb.)

Drink more for their size



Manganese – Why are we concerned?

Potential risk

- Studies of children drinking water with elevated Mn report subtle neurobehavioral changes, such as small changes in memory, concentration and motor skills
- Controlled studies in very young laboratory animals reported neurological effects, such as decreased learning, behavioral changes and motor skills

How is water guidance calculated?



Identify Exposure Level ≠ Health Effects

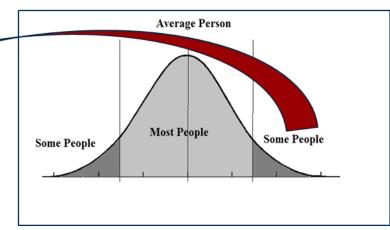
Add Margin of Safety



Reference Exposure Level

Fraction allowed from drinking water

High-end Water Intake Rate

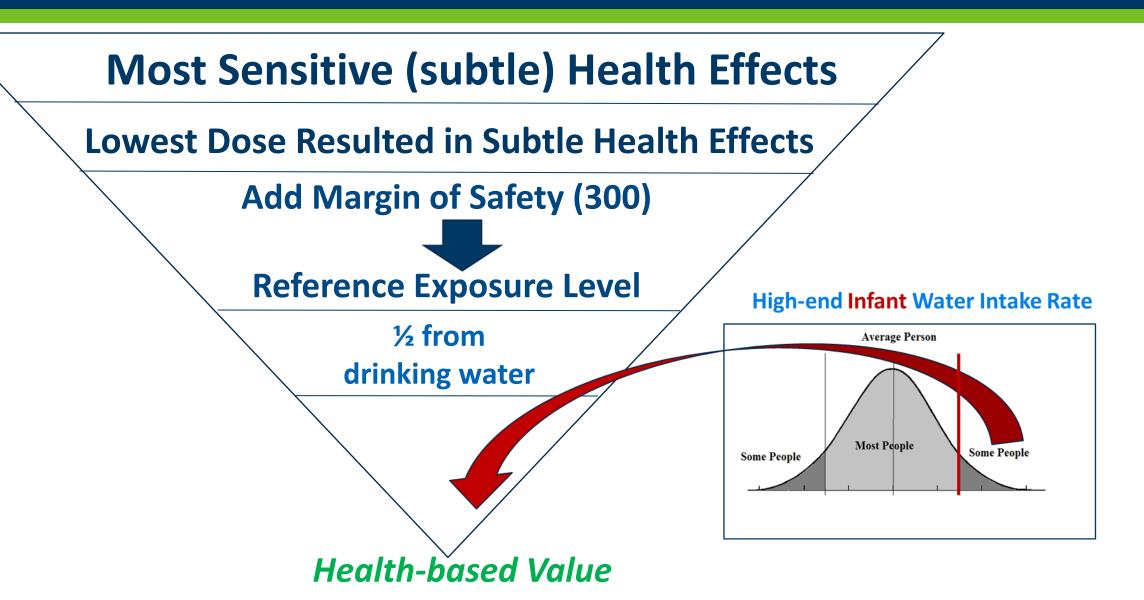


Health-based Value

Health-based Water Guidance

A concentration of a contaminant in water that can be consumed by the most highly exposure and sensitive individuals in a population with little or no risk to health

How was manganese guidance calculated?



Manganese water guidance



Infants100 ppb



Everyone else 300 ppb



Thank you

Contact information:

helen.goeden@state.mn.us

651-201-4904